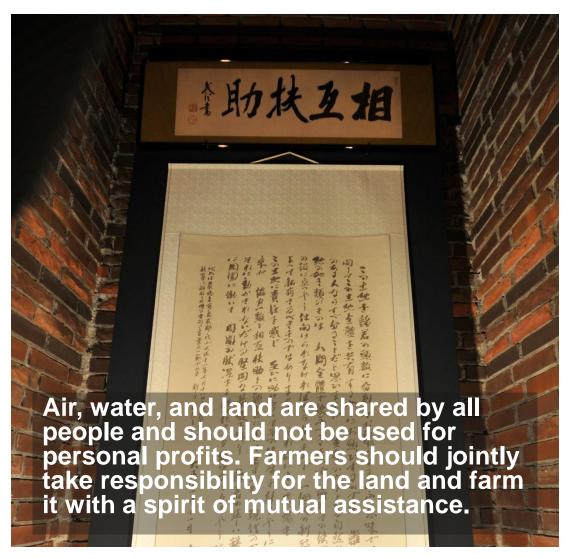


# Teaching of Takeo Arishima (Shirakaba writer) "Mutual assistance"





Born in Koishikawa (Tokyo) as the first son of Takeshi Arishima, a Finance Ministry bureaucrat (formerly from the Satsuma Clan), on March 4, 1878.

Travel to the United States in 1903 and studied at Harvard and elsewhere. Influenced by Western philosophy.

Announced farming via shared land usage at no charge on Arishima farmland on July 18, 1922. This decision caused a variety of reactions in society at the time.

### Town overview

Population: 5,295 people (499 foreign residents)

Households: 2,769 households \*Resident basic ledger as of end-December 2018

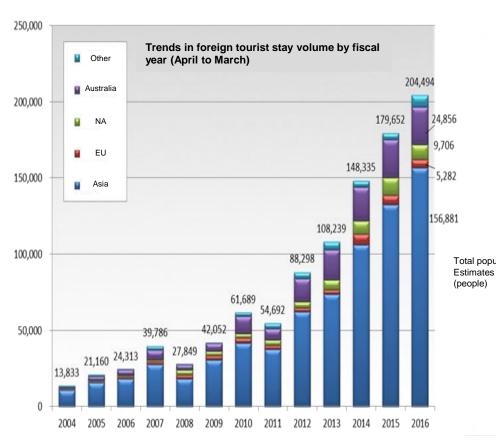
Area: 197.13km (roughly three times the area within the Yamanote train line)

Senior percentage: 26.2%

Fiscal scale: 5,398,500,000 yen (FY2018 budget for all accounts)

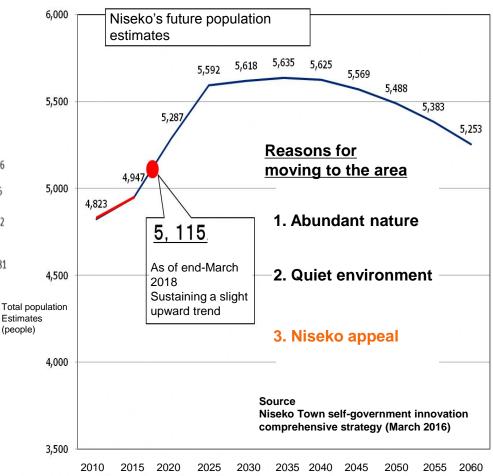
Fiscal wherewithal index: 0.3

Council members: 10, Employees: 93 (excluding special positions)





Hokkaido Shinkansen (Sapporo) opening in FY2030 Tokyo ⇔ Sapporo (about five hours) ⇔ Niseko (25 minutes)



# Niseko's community building activities

Realize local government through information sharing and resident participation

Compact global city (4th Comprehensive Plan)

Environmental creation city – Niseko (5<sup>th</sup> Comprehensive Plan)

Underground water conservation ordinance and water resource protection ordinance

Basic Plan for the Environment

Landscape ordinance

Bolstering the economic cycle





Robust harmoni zation



Sustainable development goals for 2030 agreed by the world

Strengthening our SDGs efforts



Striving to foster a sustainable town through application of best practices

# Town branding (community building) - Example 1





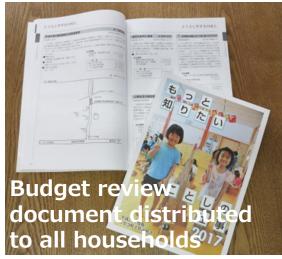


[Society: Forming a regional community where people can live securely]

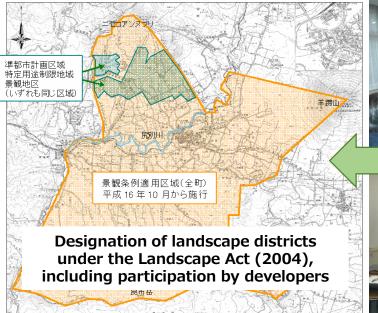
→ Local government















## **Hokkaido International School Niseko**

(Opened on January 23, 2012)





HIS = Opened in Sapporo in 1958 as Hokkaido's only international school approved by the national government WASC approved (kindergarten, elementary school, middle school, and high school)



# Town branding (community building) – Example 2





[Economic: Strengthening the local economic cycle and ability to profit  $\rightarrow$  Continue and expand]

\* Assistance for business creation and corporate entry (in-depth responses for large-scale to very small businesses)

•Results: Global brand hotel operator tea, vegetable tea, and beer producer, rental condominiums, etc. in accordance with suitable rules; chamber of commerce members currently setting all-time high with entries by small restaurants and law offices as well farming initiatives (wineries)

Projects under discussion: Hotel construction, flying school, sake producer, etc.; ongoing review

(National assistance: Act on Promoting Investments in Regional Futures, Act on Special Measures for Improving Small Business Productivity, Depopulated Areas Act, etc.)

\* Review and implementation of a tourism tax





Tourism crisis 

Action by tourism-related people and residents

1 Japan's first tourism association with a shareholding company format Niseko Resort Tourism Association

- 2 Residents founded the "East Asia Tourist Recruitment Council"
- **3 Creation of an overseas training program for residents**
- **4** Pick-up in private investment (establishment of the private Outdoor Center)
- **5** Creation of the Niseko Avalanche Research Institute (Niseko Avalanche Meeting)
- ⇒ Activities aimed at preventing avalanche accidents ⇒issues avalanche information ⇒ established Niseko

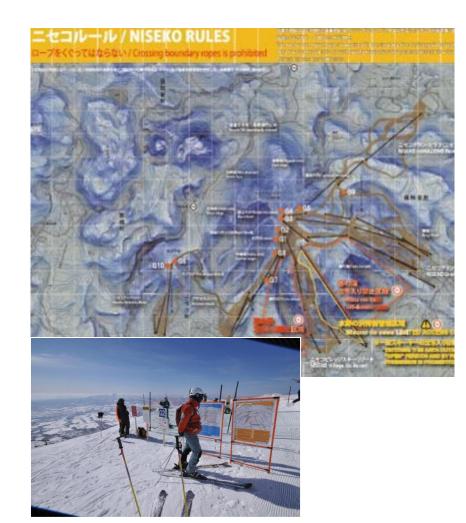
## Niseko rules initiative

### Respect the freedom of users, but have a strong interest in safety

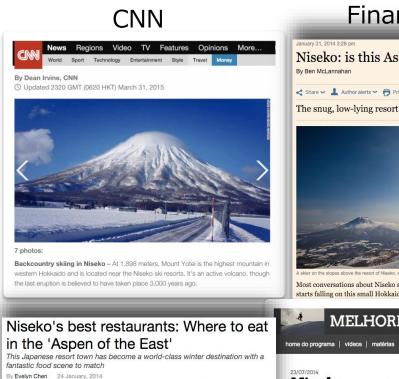
- Niseko's new-snow gliding has a history going back to the 1930s (tour skiing with slope)
   Lift service to the peak started in the 1980s and this enabled many people to easily go outside off the course
- → Had the most avalanche accidents in Japan
- Defined the Niseko rules in 2001 with the purpose of eliminating avalanche accidents
  - →Ropes placed at boundaries with off-course areas; skiers must go through gates to reach off-course areas
  - →Gates are closed when there is avalanche risk (skiers are told not to go outside of the course at such times)
- Does not use the term "off-course skiing is your own responsibility" lightly; Niseko rules "respect the freedom of users, but have a strong interest in safety"

Operating organization: Niseko Annupuri Avalanche Prevention Committee

Participating groups: Kutchan Town, Niseko Town, Nihon Harmony Resorts, Tokyu Resort Service, Niseko Village, Niseko Annupuri Kokusai Ski Facility, Niseko Moiwa Ski Resort, Niseko Avalanche Research Institute



### Strong overseas praise of Niseko





### British luxury travel magazine





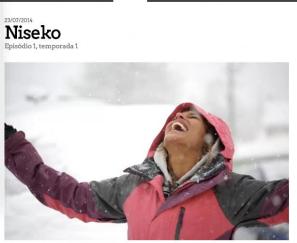


Yuichi Kamimura's 40-seat temple of haute gastronomy serves French cuisine made with

Touted as Japan's snow capital and famous for its light, powder-dry snow, Niseko is widely regarded as one of the top 10 ski resorts in the world.

CNN

produce sourced from neighboring Hokkaido farms.



MELHORES RESORTS DE INVERNO

Brazil's TV

## **World Ski Awards recipients**

(Known as the Oscar Awards of the ski industry)





Niseko United Best Ski Resort in Japan (\*received in two straight years)
Hilton Niseko Village Best Ski Hotel in Japan (\*received in three straight years)

- **%First-ever personal award worldwide**
- ⇒ Akio Shinya (Director, Niseko Avalanche Research Center) = Created "Niseko rules" Special Award (contributed to the global ski industry)





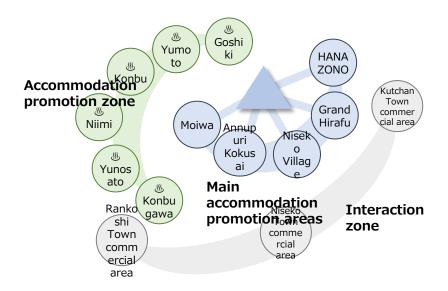
Visitors enjoy Niseko Town's strict environment and landscape rules (preventing disorderly development)



# Niseko area ⇒ Niseko mountain's five local government entities



## Niseko Tourism Zone

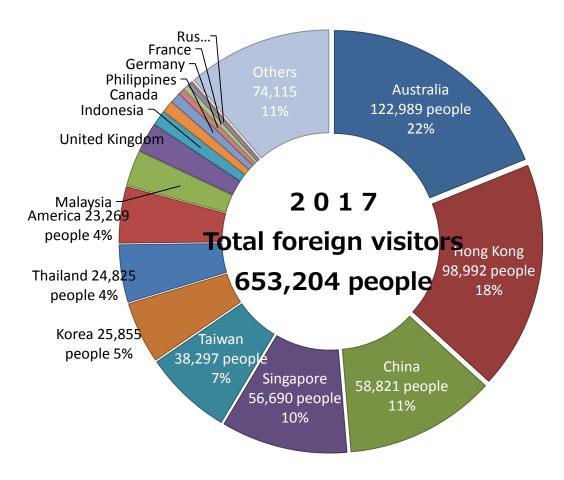


Niseko tourism zone approval - 2014 Japan DMO registration - 2018

NISEKO, My Extreme
[Niseko enjoyed by the world]

Rankoshi Town (Population: 4,930 people, Area: 449.78km)
Niseko Town (Population: 5,056 people, Area: 197.13km)
Kutchan Town (Population: 16,052 people, Area: 261.34km)

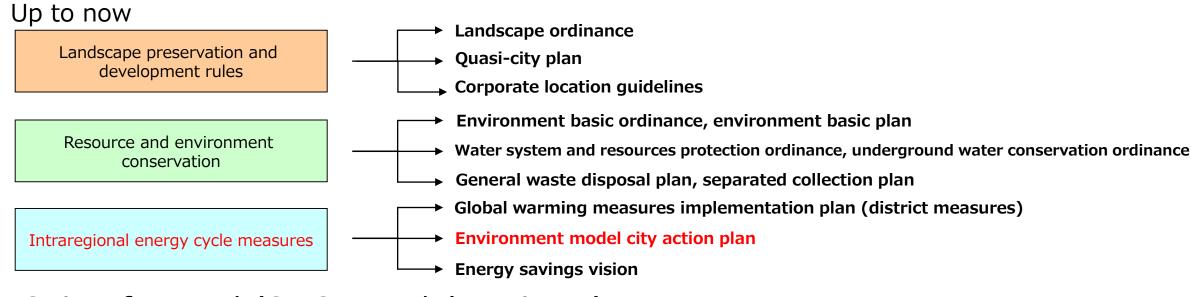
\*\*Tourism Zone (total) Population: 26,038 people, Area: 908.25km



# Town branding (community building) – Example 3



[Environment: Promotion of energy savings and renewable energy, resource cycle: Continue and expand]



### Going forward (SDGs model projects)

- \* Develop environment-conscious individual and multi-dwelling housing land and promote construction
- \*Build a regional heat supply system utilizing local resources (by the JR Station)
- \*Build an environment-conscious symbolic new government building (also serving as a disaster prevention center)
- \*Local smart transportation (secondary and tertiary transportation) measures

# **Example of crossover between tourism and the environment**



Niseko Town is promoting efforts with tourism businesses and tourists to reduce CO2 emissions from the tourism area by about 40%

■ Energy savings facility installed by a tourism business



Review of switching to LED lights at hotels located in the town, installing heat exchangers for hot spring outflow water, and using geothermal power ■ Consumption and energy savings seminar and energy savings diagnosis for tourism businesses







Promote further tourism activity by applying cost savings from energy-saving measures to new service provision and and capital investments

■ Eco-night cafe



Second night: Wine and music



First night: Katsura Sandan's eco fundraiser

Held environment and energy seminars in a café format with familiar themes that make them easy for anyone to attend aimed at get people personally engaged in CO2 savings efforts

■ Edu-Vacation = Education + Vacation







Conducting eco tours with children attending Niseko High School as eco-ambassadors

#### NISEKO

#### Self-sustaining benevolent cycle through the lifestyle model district formation project

Local economy cyclicality ratio

75.1%

Local economy cyclicality figure

2010

Designated area: Niseko Town, Hokkaido

Niseko Town obtains extensive private investments from outside of the town and relies on private consumption and procurement from outside of the town.



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# NISEKO lifestyle model district formation project (Local government SDGs model project)

#### [Overview]

- \* Develop living space that symbolizes the NISEKO lifestyle on about nine hectares of commercial district land
- \* Design the area for a lifestyle format rather than just providing development land
- \* Develop a variety of housing types (multi-dwelling rental homes, etc.)
- \* Town and regional control of the development concept ahead of time

### [Model district characteristics]

- \* Require homes with high insulation and high airtightness
- Reduce energy costs (electricity, heating oil) flowing out of the town and use savings to improve housing performance (orders placed with local builders) and personal asset formation; improving the local cycle
- \* Provide a policy mix that covers from children to seniors and high-income earners to low-income earners (effective for crime prevention and resident-led local government)
- \* Develop residential areas that take into account the landscape (putting electric wires underground)
- \* Promote vibrant local government activities such as a regional management organization
- \* Review energy savings and energy sources

# NISEKO lifestyle model district formation project Concept proposal

1. Deal with pressure from a growing population

8. Promote vibrant human and social interaction

2. Secure suitable high population density

7. Leverage existing terrain and vegetation

NISEKO lifestyle model district concept

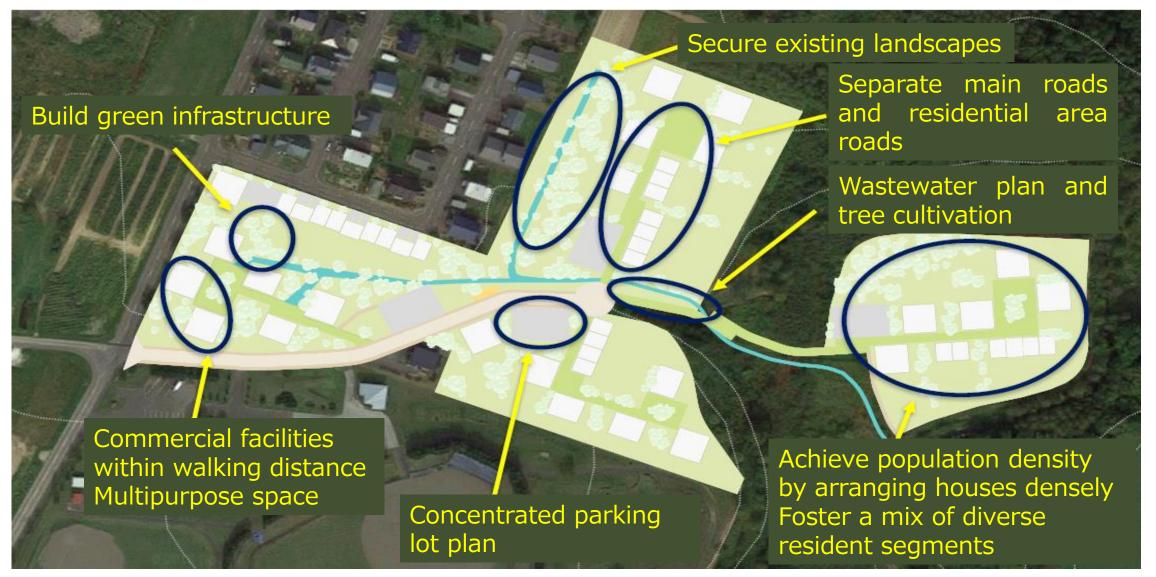
3. Build green infrastructure

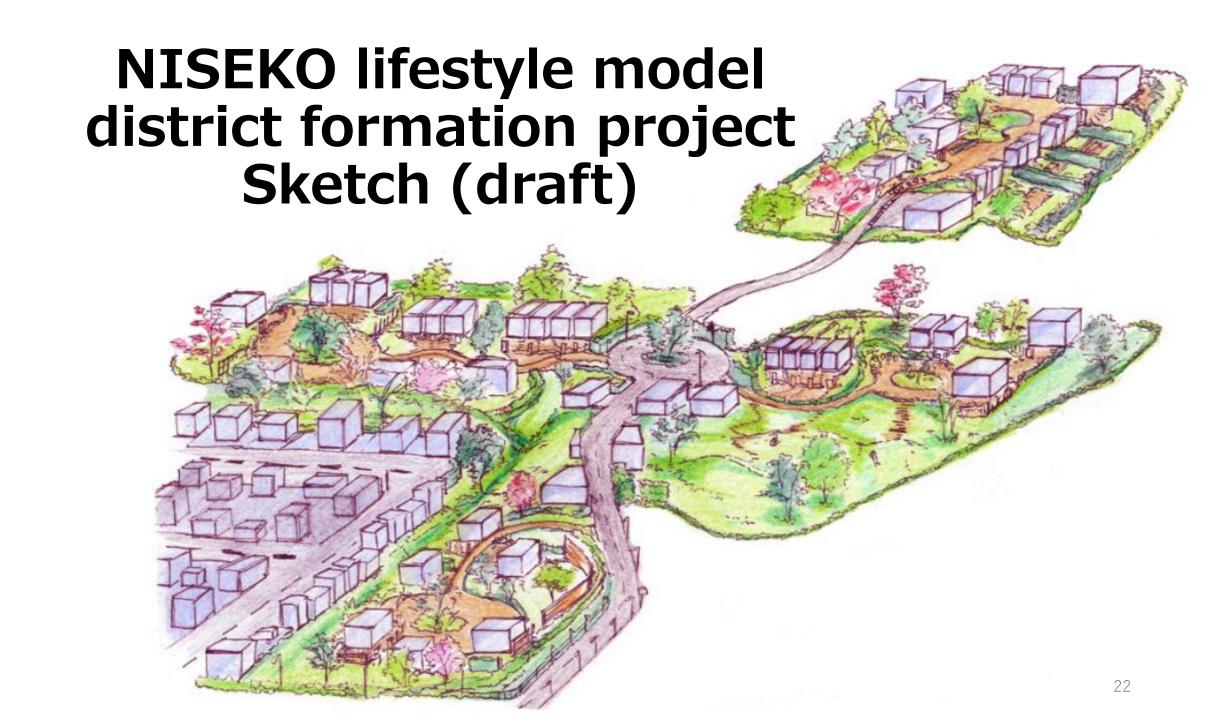
6. Build concentrated parking lots

4. Develop buildings with ultrahigh insulation and high airtightness

5. Utilize renewable energy and regional heat supply

# NISEKO lifestyle model district formation project Layout (draft)



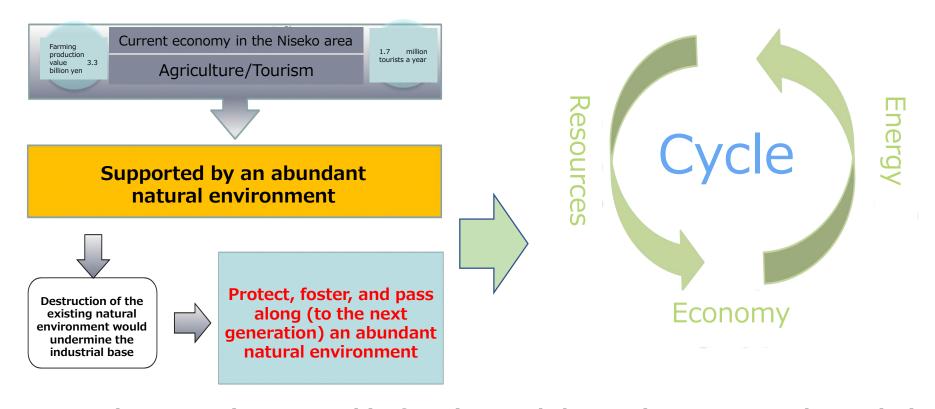


# Niseko Station area: Regional thermal supply model utilizing local resources



## Potential for broad adoption of the model project

\*Niseko Town's Fifth Comprehensive Plan theme "Environment innovation city Niseko"



- \* Many towns rely on tourism rooted in farming and the environment as the main industry
- \* Many local governments are confronting outflow of tourism funds
- \*Fostering local resource and economic cycles is a universal effort and shared theme
- \*Learning from advanced environmental areas worldwide through interactions with experts and local governments
- (Freiburg, Portland, Zermatt, Whistler, and domestic advanced local governments, etc.)

**Building "Sustainable Town Niseko" that utilizes the environment to foster** resource and economic cycles

Envisioning assistance from social capital development comprehensive grants (MLIT), etc.





Maintain the trend of slight population growth, secure

people to support the local economy, and attract companies to the area

Create jobs, maintain the trend of slight population growth, and build infrastructure

grants (Cabinet Office), etc.

Society





Envisioning assistance from

local innovation promotion

**Economy** Issue: Strengthening the regional economy cycle and local profitability

- Review and implement a tourism tax
- Business creation and corporate entry assistance
- Development of the sewage system and other infrastructure

Strengthen profitability, return profits to environment conservation, and improve the environment brand

Increase tourists from around the world interested in the natural environment, expand attractive investments and corporate opportunities, and provide corporate image enhancement

#### N I S E K O lifestyle model district formation project

- Project concept formulation (including development actions)
- ·Land acquisition and preparation
- ·Local organization format review and deployment

#### **Environment**

<u>Issue: Formation of a local community</u> where people can live securely

- Ordinance on promotion of multi-dwelling home construction using private funds
- Improve lifestyle quality through optimization of the transportation system
- Strengthen disaster prevention by building a disaster prevention center
- Continue community building with information sharing and resident participation

Issue: Promotion of energy savings, renewable energy deployment, and a resource cycle

- Promote construction of environmentconscious individual and multi-dwelling homes
- Deploy regional thermal supply utilizing local resources (JR Station area) ● Build an environment-conscious symbolic new government building (including a disaster prevention center)



Resident civic pride, environment model city participation

> Improving lifestyle quality, developing a town that is resilient to disasters, increase in people moving into the area

Assistance from METI's promotion of energy structure sophistication and reform understanding projects

